

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19

H.86

Introduced by Representatives LaLonde of South Burlington and Viens of
Newport City

Referred to Committee on

Date:

Subject: Uniform Interstate Family Support Act

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to amend the
Uniform Interstate Family Support Act to include international provisions for
the purpose of complying with obligations of the United States under the 2007
Hague Convention on the International Recovery of Child Support and Other
Forms of Family Maintenance.

An act relating to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. 15B V.S.A. is redesignated to read:

Title 15B. UNIFORM INTERSTATE FAMILY SUPPORT ACT (~~1996~~)

Sec. 2. 15B V.S.A. chapters 11–19 are added to read:

CHAPTER 11. GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 1101. SHORT TITLE

This title may be cited as the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.

1 § 1102. DEFINITIONS

2 As used in this title:

3 (1) “Child” means an individual, whether over or under the age of
4 majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual’s
5 parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed
6 to the parent.

7 (2) “Child support order” means a support order for a child, including a
8 child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state or
9 foreign country.

10 (3) “Convention” means the Convention on the International Recovery
11 of Child Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance, concluded at the
12 Hague on November 23, 2007.

13 (4) “Duty of support” means an obligation imposed or imposable by law
14 to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an
15 unsatisfied obligation to provide support.

16 (5) “Foreign country” means a country, including a political subdivision
17 thereof, other than the United States, that authorizes the issuance of support
18 orders and:

19 (A) which has been declared under the law of the United States to be
20 a foreign reciprocating country;

1 (B) which has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support
2 with this State as provided in section 1308 of this title;

3 (C) which has enacted a law or established procedures for the
4 issuance and enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to
5 the procedures under this title; or

6 (D) in which the Convention is in force with respect to the
7 United States.

8 (6) “Foreign support order” means a support order of a foreign tribunal.

9 (7) “Foreign tribunal” means a court, administrative agency, or
10 quasi-judicial entity of a foreign country which is authorized to establish,
11 enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage of a child. The
12 term includes a competent authority under the Convention.

13 (8) “Home state” means the state or foreign country in which a child
14 lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive
15 months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable
16 pleading for support and, if a child is less than six months old, the state or
17 foreign country in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period
18 of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or
19 other period.

1 (9) “Income” includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money
2 from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support
3 under the law of this State.

4 (10) “Income withholding order” means an order or other legal process
5 directed to an obligor’s employer or other debtor, as defined by 15 V.S.A.
6 chapter 11, to withhold support from the income of the obligor.

7 (11) “Initiating tribunal” means the tribunal of a state or foreign country
8 from which a petition or comparable pleading is forwarded or in which a
9 petition or comparable pleading is filed for forwarding to another state or
10 foreign country.

11 (12) “Issuing foreign country” means the foreign country in which a
12 tribunal issues a support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child.

13 (13) “Issuing state” means the state in which a tribunal issues a support
14 order or renders a judgment determining parentage of a child.

15 (14) “Issuing tribunal” means the tribunal of a state or foreign country
16 that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage of a
17 child.

18 (15) “Law” includes decisional and statutory law and rules and
19 regulations having the force of law.

20 (16) “Obligee” means:

1 (A) an individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be
2 owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment
3 determining parentage of a child has been issued;

4 (B) a foreign country, state, or political subdivision of a state to
5 which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or
6 which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an
7 individual obligee in place of child support;

8 (C) an individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the
9 individual's child; or

10 (D) a person that is a creditor in a proceeding under chapter 17 of
11 this title.

12 (17) "Obligor" means an individual or the estate of a decedent that:

13 (A) owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;

14 (B) is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child;

15 (C) is liable under a support order; or

16 (D) is a debtor in a proceeding under chapter 17 of this title.

17 (18) "Outside this State" means a location in another state or a country
18 other than the United States, whether or not the country is a foreign country.

19 (19) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate,
20 trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public

1 corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
2 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

3 (20) “Record” means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium
4 or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in
5 perceivable form.

6 (21) “Register” means to file in a tribunal of this State a support order or
7 judgment determining parentage of a child issued in another state or a foreign
8 country.

9 (22) “Registering tribunal” means a tribunal in which a support order or
10 judgment determining parentage of a child is registered.

11 (23) “Responding state” means a state in which a petition or comparable
12 pleading for support or to determine parentage of a child is filed or to which a
13 [petition] or comparable pleading is forwarded for filing from another state or
14 a foreign country.

15 (24) “Responding tribunal” means the authorized tribunal in a
16 responding state or foreign country.

17 (25) “Spousal support order” means a support order for a spouse or
18 former spouse of the obligor.

19 (26) “State” means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia,
20 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, any

1 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, or
2 Native American Indian nation or tribe.

3 (27) “Support enforcement agency” means a public official,
4 governmental entity, or private agency authorized to:

5 (A) seek enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty
6 of support;

7 (B) seek establishment or modification of child support;

8 (C) request a determination of parentage of a child;

9 (D) attempt to locate obligors or their assets; or

10 (E) request a determination of the controlling child support order.

11 (28) “Support order” means a judgment, decree, order, decision, or
12 directive whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, issued in a state
13 or foreign country for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse,
14 which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, retroactive
15 support, or reimbursement for financial assistance provided to an individual
16 obligee in place of child support. The term may include related costs and fees,
17 interest, income withholding, automatic adjustment, reasonable attorney’s fees,
18 and other relief.

19 (29) “Tribunal” means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial
20 entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to
21 determine parentage of a child.

1 § 1103. STATE TRIBUNAL AND SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

2 (a) The Family Division of the Superior Court is the tribunal of this State
3 for all purposes of this title; provided, however, that the Office of Child
4 Support may perform any tribunal function authorized under State law.

5 (b) The Office of Child Support is the support enforcement agency of this
6 State.

7 § 1104. REMEDIES CUMULATIVE

8 (a) Remedies provided by this title are cumulative and do not affect the
9 availability of remedies under other law, or the recognition of a foreign support
10 order on the basis of comity.

11 (b) This title does not:

12 (1) provide the exclusive method of establishing or enforcing a support
13 order under the law of this State; or

14 (2) grant a tribunal of this State jurisdiction to render judgment or issue
15 an order relating to child custody or visitation, or both, in a proceeding under
16 this title.

17 § 1105. APPLICATION TO A RESIDENT OF FOREIGN COUNTRY AND
18 FOREIGN SUPPORT PROCEEDING

19 (a) A tribunal of this State shall apply chapters 11 through 16 and, as
20 applicable, chapter 17 of this title to a support proceeding involving:

21 (1) a foreign support order;

1 (2) a foreign tribunal; or

2 (3) an obligee, obligor, or child residing in a foreign country.

3 (b) A tribunal of this State that is requested to recognize and enforce a
4 support order on the basis of comity may apply the procedural and substantive
5 provisions of chapters 11 through 16 of this title.

6 (c) Chapter 17 of this title applies only to a support proceeding under the
7 Convention. In such a proceeding, if a provision of chapter 17 is inconsistent
8 with chapters 11 through 16 of this title, chapter 17 controls.

9 CHAPTER 12. JURISDICTION

10 § 1201. BASES FOR JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENT

11 (a) In a proceeding to establish or enforce a support order or to determine
12 parentage of a child, a tribunal of this State may exercise personal jurisdiction
13 over a nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator for
14 any of the following:

15 (1) The individual is personally served with notice of the proceeding
16 within this State.

17 (2) The individual submits to the jurisdiction of this State by consent in
18 a record by entering a general appearance, or by filing with the tribunal a
19 responsive document having the effect of waiving any contest to personal
20 jurisdiction.

21 (3) The individual resided with the child in this State.

1 (4) The individual resided in this State and provided prenatal expenses
2 or support for the child.

3 (5) The child resides in this State as a result of the acts or directives of
4 the individual.

5 (6) The individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this State and the
6 child may have been conceived by that act of intercourse.

7 (7) The individual asserted parentage of a child in the putative father
8 registry maintained in this State by the Probate Division of Superior Court in
9 the District of Chittenden.

10 (8) There is any other basis consistent with the constitutions of this State
11 and the United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.

12 (b) The bases of personal jurisdiction set forth in subsection (a) of this
13 section or in any other law of this State may not be used to acquire personal
14 jurisdiction for a tribunal of this State to modify a child support order of
15 another state unless the requirements of section 1611 of this title are met, or in
16 the case of a foreign support order, unless the requirements of section 1615 of
17 this title are met.

18 § 1202. DURATION OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION

19 Personal jurisdiction acquired by a tribunal of this State in a proceeding
20 under this title or other law of this State relating to a support order continues as
21 long as a tribunal of this State has continuing exclusive jurisdiction to modify

1 its order or continuing jurisdiction to enforce its order as provided by sections
2 1205, 1206, and 1211 of this title.

3 § 1203. INITIATING AND RESPONDING TRIBUNAL

4 Under this title, a tribunal of this State may serve as an initiating tribunal to
5 forward proceedings to a tribunal of another state, and as a responding tribunal
6 for proceedings initiated in another state or foreign country.

7 § 1204. SIMULTANEOUS PROCEEDINGS IN ANOTHER STATE

8 (a) A tribunal of this State may exercise jurisdiction to establish a support
9 order if the petition or comparable pleading is filed after a pleading is filed in
10 another state or a foreign country only if:

11 (1) the petition or comparable pleading in this State is filed before the
12 expiration of the time allowed in the other state or the foreign country for filing
13 a responsive pleading challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state
14 or the foreign country;

15 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in
16 the other state or foreign country; and

17 (3) if relevant, this State is the home state of the child.

18 (b) A tribunal of this State may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a
19 support order if the petition or comparable pleading is filed before a petition or
20 comparable pleading is filed in another state or a foreign country if:

1 (1) the petition or comparable pleading in the other state or foreign
2 country is filed before the expiration of the time allowed in this State for filing
3 a responsive pleading challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by this State;

4 (2) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in
5 this State; and

6 (3) if relevant, the other state or foreign country is the home state of
7 the child.

8 § 1205. CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION TO MODIFY A
9 CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

10 (a) A tribunal of this State that has issued a child support order consistent
11 with the law of this State shall have and exercise continuing, exclusive
12 jurisdiction to modify its child support order if the order is the controlling
13 order and:

14 (1) at the time of the filing of a request for modification, this State is the
15 residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit
16 the support order is issued; or

17 (2) the parties consent in a record or in open court that the tribunal of
18 this State may continue to exercise jurisdiction to modify its order, even if this
19 State is not the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for
20 whose benefit the support order is issued.

1 (b) A tribunal of this State that has issued a child support order consistent
2 with the law of this State may not exercise continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to
3 modify the order if:

4 (1) all of the parties who are individuals file consent in a record with the
5 tribunal of this State that a tribunal of another state that has jurisdiction over at
6 least one of the parties who is an individual or that is located in the state of
7 residence of the child may modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive
8 jurisdiction; or

9 (2) its order is not the controlling order.

10 (c) If a tribunal of another state has issued a child support order pursuant to
11 the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law substantially similar which
12 modifies a child support order of a tribunal of this State, the tribunal of this
13 State shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the tribunal of
14 the other state.

15 (d) A tribunal of this State that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to
16 modify a child support order may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a
17 tribunal of another state to modify a support order issued in that state.

18 (e) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a
19 jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the
20 issuing tribunal.

1 § 1206. CONTINUING JURISDICTION TO ENFORCE A CHILD

2 SUPPORT ORDER

3 (a) A tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support that has issued a
4 child support order consistent with the law of this State may serve as an
5 initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce:

6 (1) the order if the order is the controlling order and has not been
7 modified by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to the
8 Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; or

9 (2) a money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order
10 accrued before a determination that an order of a tribunal of another state is the
11 controlling order.

12 (b) A tribunal of this State having continuing jurisdiction over a support
13 order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce the order.

14 § 1207. DETERMINATION OF CONTROLLING CHILD SUPPORT

15 ORDER

16 (a) If a proceeding is brought under this title and only one tribunal has
17 issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be
18 recognized.

19 (b) If a proceeding is brought under this title, and two or more child
20 support orders have been issued by tribunals of this State or another state or a
21 foreign country with regard to the same obligor and same child, a tribunal of

1 this State having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and individual
2 obligee must apply the following rules and by order shall determine which
3 order controls and shall be recognized:

4 (1) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
5 jurisdiction under this title, the order of that tribunal controls.

6 (2) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive
7 jurisdiction under this title:

8 (A) an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child
9 controls; or

10 (B) if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the
11 child, the order most recently issued controls.

12 (3) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction
13 under this title, the tribunal of this State shall issue a child support order, which
14 controls.

15 (c) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same
16 obligor and the same child upon request of a party who is an individual or that
17 is a support enforcement agency, a tribunal of this State having personal
18 jurisdiction over both the obligor and the obligee who is an individual shall
19 determine which order controls under subsection (b) of this section. The
20 request may be filed with a registration for enforcement or registration for

1 modification pursuant to section 1206 of this title, or may be filed as a separate
2 proceeding.

3 (d) A request to determine which is the controlling order must be
4 accompanied by a copy of every child support order in effect and the
5 applicable record of payments. The requesting party shall give notice of the
6 request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.

7 (e) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (a), (b),
8 or (c) of this section has continuing jurisdiction to the extent provided in
9 section 1205 or 1206 of this title.

10 (f) A tribunal of this State that determines by order which is the controlling
11 order under subdivision (b)(1) or (b)(2) or subsection (c) of this section or that
12 issues a new controlling order under subdivision (b)(3) of this section shall
13 state in that order:

14 (1) the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination;

15 (2) the amount of prospective support, if any; and

16 (3) the total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any,
17 under all of the orders after all payments made are credited as provided by
18 section 1209 of this title.

19 (g) Within 30 days after issuance of an order determining which is the
20 controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it
21 with each tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support.

1 A party or support enforcement agency obtaining the order that fails to file a
2 certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the
3 issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or
4 enforceability of the controlling order.

5 (h) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a
6 judgment for consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made
7 pursuant to this section must be recognized in proceedings under this title.

8 § 1208. CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS FOR TWO OR MORE OBLIGEES

9 In responding to registrations or petitions for enforcement of two or more
10 child support orders in effect at the same time with regard to the same obligor
11 and different individual obligees, at least one of which was issued by a tribunal
12 of another state or a foreign country, a tribunal of this State shall enforce those
13 orders in the same manner as if the orders had been issued by a tribunal of
14 this State.

15 § 1209. CREDIT FOR PAYMENTS

16 A tribunal of this State shall credit amounts collected for a particular period
17 pursuant to any child support order against the amounts owed for the same
18 period under any other child support order for the support of the same child
19 issued by a tribunal of this State, another state, or a foreign country.

1 § 1210. APPLICATION TO A NONRESIDENT SUBJECT TO PERSONAL
2 JURISDICTION

3 A tribunal of this State exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident in
4 a proceeding under this title, under other law of this State relating to a support
5 order, or recognizing a foreign support order may receive evidence from
6 outside this State pursuant to section 1316 of this title, communicate with a
7 tribunal outside this State pursuant to section 1317 of this title, and obtain
8 discovery through a tribunal outside this State pursuant to section 1318 of this
9 title. In all other respects, chapters 13 through 16 of this title do not apply, and
10 the tribunal shall apply the procedural and substantive law of this State.

11 § 1211. CONTINUING, EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION TO MODIFY
12 SPOUSAL SUPPORT ORDER

13 (a) A tribunal of this State issuing a spousal support order consistent with
14 the law of this State has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the
15 spousal support order throughout the existence of the support obligation.

16 (b) A tribunal of this State may not modify a spousal support order issued
17 by a tribunal of another state or foreign country having continuing, exclusive
18 jurisdiction over the order under the law of that state or foreign country.

19 (c) A tribunal of this State that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a
20 spousal support order may serve as:

1 (1) an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce
2 the spousal support order issued in this State; or

3 (2) a responding tribunal to enforce or modify its own spousal support
4 order.

5 CHAPTER 13. CIVIL PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

6 § 1301. PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS TITLE

7 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, this chapter applies to all
8 proceedings under this title.

9 (b) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency may initiate a
10 proceeding authorized under this title by filing a petition in an initiating
11 tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a
12 comparable pleading directly in a tribunal of another state or foreign country
13 which has or can obtain personal jurisdiction over the respondent.

14 § 1302. PROCEEDING BY A MINOR PARENT

15 A minor parent, or a guardian or other legal representative of a minor
16 parent, may maintain a proceeding on behalf of or for the benefit of the
17 minor's child.

18 § 1303. APPLICATION OF LAW OF STATE

19 Except as otherwise provided in this title, a responding tribunal of
20 this State shall:

1 (1) apply the procedural and substantive law, generally applicable to
2 similar proceedings originating in this State and may exercise all powers and
3 provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and

4 (2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable in accordance
5 with the law and support guidelines of this State.

6 § 1304. DUTIES OF INITIATING TRIBUNAL

7 (a) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this title, an initiating
8 tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support shall forward one copy of
9 the petition and its accompanying documents:

10 (1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement
11 agency in the responding state; or

12 (2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state
13 information agency of the responding state with a request that they be
14 forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

15 (b) If requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of this State or the
16 Office of Child Support shall issue a certificate or other document, and make
17 findings required by the law of the responding state. If the responding tribunal
18 is in a foreign country, upon request, the tribunal of this State or the Office of
19 Child Support shall specify the amount of support sought to convert that
20 amount into the equivalent amount in the foreign currency under applicable
21 official or market exchange rate as publicly reported, and provide any other

1 documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of the responding foreign
2 tribunal.

3 § 1305. DUTIES AND POWERS OF RESPONDING TRIBUNAL

4 (a) When a responding tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support
5 receives a petition or comparable pleading from an initiating tribunal or
6 directly pursuant to subsection 1301(b) of this title, it shall cause the petition or
7 pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner where and when it was filed.

8 (b) A responding tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support, to the
9 extent not prohibited by other law, may do one or more of the following:

10 (1) issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order,
11 determine the controlling child support order, or render a judgment to
12 determine parentage;

13 (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the
14 amount and the manner of compliance;

15 (3) order income withholding;

16 (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method
17 of payment;

18 (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;

19 (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;

20 (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;

1 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's
2 current residential address, electronic-mail address, telephone number,
3 employer, address of employment, and telephone number at the place
4 of employment;

5 (9) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper
6 notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench
7 warrant in any local and State computer systems for criminal warrants;

8 (10) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified
9 methods;

10 (11) award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs; and

11 (12) grant any other available remedy.

12 (c) A responding tribunal of this State shall include in a support order
13 issued under this title, or in the documents accompanying the order, the
14 calculations on which the support order is based.

15 (d) A responding tribunal of this State may not condition the payment of a
16 support order issued under this title upon compliance by a party with
17 provisions for visitation.

18 (e) If a responding tribunal of this State issues an order under this title, the
19 tribunal shall send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and
20 to the initiating tribunal, if any.

1 (f) If requested to enforce a support order, arrears, or judgment or modify a
2 support order stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of this State
3 shall convert the amount stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent
4 amount in dollars under the applicable official or market exchange rate as
5 publicly reported.

6 § 1306. INAPPROPRIATE TRIBUNAL

7 If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal
8 of this State or the Office of Child Support, it shall forward the pleading and
9 accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal in this State or another
10 state and notify the petitioner where and when the pleading was sent.

11 § 1307. DUTIES OF SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

12 (a) A support enforcement agency of this State, upon request, shall provide
13 services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this title.

14 (b) A support enforcement agency of this State that is providing services to
15 the petitioner shall:

16 (1) take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal of this State
17 or another state or a foreign country to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;

18 (2) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a
19 hearing;

20 (3) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including
21 information as to income and property of the parties;

1 (4) within two days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal
2 holidays, after receipt of notice in a record from an initiating, responding, or
3 registering tribunal, send a copy of the notice to the petitioner;

4 (5) within two days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal
5 holidays, after receipt of a communication in a record from the respondent or
6 the respondent's attorney, send a copy of the communication to the
7 petitioner; and

8 (6) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot
9 be obtained.

10 (c) A support enforcement agency of this State that requests registration of
11 a child support order in this State for enforcement or for modification shall
12 make reasonable efforts:

13 (1) to ensure that the order to be registered is the controlling order; or

14 (2) if two or more child support orders exist and the identity of the
15 controlling order has not been determined, to ensure that a request for such a
16 determination is made in a tribunal having jurisdiction to do so.

17 (d) A support enforcement agency of this State that requests registration
18 and enforcement of a support order, arrears, or judgment stated in a foreign
19 currency shall convert the amounts stated in the foreign currency into the
20 equivalent amounts in dollars under the applicable official or market exchange
21 rate as publicly reported.

1 (e) A support enforcement agency of this State shall issue or request a
2 tribunal of this State to issue a child support order and an income withholding
3 order that redirect payment of current support, arrears, and interest if requested
4 to do so by a support enforcement agency of another state pursuant to section
5 1319 of this title.

6 (f) This title does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client
7 or other fiduciary relationship between a support enforcement agency or the
8 attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.

9 § 1308. DUTY OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

10 (a) If the Attorney General determines that the support enforcement agency
11 is neglecting or refusing to provide services under this title, the Attorney
12 General may order the agency to perform its duties under this title or may
13 provide those services directly to the individual.

14 (b) The Attorney General may determine that a foreign country has
15 established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this State and take
16 appropriate action for notification of the determination.

17 § 1309. PRIVATE COUNSEL

18 An individual may employ private counsel to represent the individual in
19 proceedings authorized by this title.

1 § 1310. DUTIES OF THE OFFICE OF CHILD SUPPORT

2 (a) The Office of Child Support is the State Information Agency under
3 this title.

4 (b) The State Information Agency shall:

5 (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the
6 tribunals in this State which have jurisdiction under this title and any support
7 enforcement agencies in this State and transmit a copy to the state information
8 agency of every other state;

9 (2) maintain a register of names and addresses of tribunals and support
10 enforcement agencies received from other states;

11 (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in the county in this State in
12 which the obligee who is an individual or the obligor resides, or in which the
13 obligor's property is believed to be located, all documents concerning a
14 proceeding under this title received from another state or a foreign
15 country; and

16 (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor or obligee
17 and the obligor's or obligee's property within this State not exempt from
18 execution, by such means as postal verification and federal or State locator
19 services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the obligor's or
20 obligee's address from employers, and examination of governmental records,
21 including, to the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real

1 property, vital statistics, law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's
2 licenses, and Social Security.

3 § 1311. PLEADINGS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

4 (a) In a proceeding under this title, a petitioner seeking to establish a
5 support order to determine parentage of a child or to register and modify a
6 support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country must file a
7 petition. Unless otherwise ordered under section 1312 of this title, the petition
8 or accompanying documents must provide, so far as known, the name,
9 residential address, and Social Security numbers of the obligor and the obligee
10 or the parent and alleged parent, and the name, sex, residential address, Social
11 Security number, and date of birth of each child for whose benefit support is
12 sought or whose parentage is to be determined. Unless filed at the time of
13 registration, the petition must be accompanied by a copy of any support order
14 known to have been issued by another tribunal. The petition may include any
15 other information that may assist in locating or identifying the respondent.

16 (b) The petition must specify the relief sought. The petition and
17 accompanying documents must conform substantially with the requirements
18 imposed by the forms mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by a
19 support enforcement agency.

1 § 1312. NONDISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN EXCEPTIONAL
2 CIRCUMSTANCES

3 If a party alleges in an affidavit or a pleading under oath that the health,
4 safety, or liberty of a party or child would be jeopardized by disclosure of
5 specific identifying information, that information must be sealed and may not
6 be disclosed to the other party or the public. After a hearing in which a
7 tribunal takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty of the party or
8 child, the tribunal may order disclosure of information that the tribunal
9 determines to be in the interest of justice.

10 § 1313. COSTS AND FEES

11 (a) The petitioner must not be required to pay a filing fee or other costs.

12 (b) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal of this State may assess
13 against an obligor filing fees, reasonable attorney's fees, other costs, and
14 necessary travel and other reasonable expenses incurred by the obligee and the
15 obligee's witnesses. The tribunal may not assess fees, costs, or expenses
16 against the obligee or the support enforcement agency of either the initiating or
17 the responding state or foreign country, except as provided by other law.
18 Attorney's fees may be taxed as costs, and may be ordered paid directly to the
19 attorney, who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name. Payment of
20 support owed to the obligee has priority over fees, costs, and expenses.

1 (c) The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney's
2 fees if it determines that a hearing was requested primarily for delay. In an
3 enforcement proceeding under chapter 16 of this title, a hearing is presumed to
4 have been requested primarily for delay if a registered support order is
5 confirmed or enforced without change.

6 § 1314. LIMITED IMMUNITY OF PETITIONER

7 (a) Participation by a petitioner in a proceeding under this title before a
8 responding tribunal, whether in person, by private attorney, or through services
9 provided by the support enforcement agency, does not confer personal
10 jurisdiction over the petitioner in another proceeding.

11 (b) A petitioner is not subject to service of civil process while physically
12 present in this State to participate in a proceeding under this title.

13 (c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation
14 based on acts unrelated to a proceeding under this title committed by a party
15 while physically present in this State to participate in the proceeding.

16 § 1315. NONPARENTAGE AS DEFENSE

17 A party whose parentage of a child has been previously determined by or
18 pursuant to law may not plead nonparentage as a defense to a proceeding under
19 this title.

1 § 1316. SPECIAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND PROCEDURE

2 (a) The physical presence of a nonresident party who is an individual in a
3 tribunal of this State is not required for the establishment, enforcement, or
4 modification of a support order or the rendition of a judgment determining
5 parentage of a child.

6 (b) An affidavit, a document substantially complying with federally
7 mandated forms, or a document incorporated by reference in any of them,
8 which would not be excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is
9 admissible in evidence if given under penalty of perjury by a party or witness
10 residing outside this State.

11 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy
12 of the original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding
13 tribunal. The copy is evidence of facts asserted in it, and is admissible to show
14 whether payments were made.

15 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, and for prenatal and
16 postnatal health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at
17 least 10 days before trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the
18 charges billed and that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.

19 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this State to a tribunal
20 of this State by telephone, telecopier, or other electronic means that do not

1 provide an original record may not be excluded from evidence on an objection
2 based on the means of transmission.

3 (f) In a proceeding under this title, a tribunal of this State shall permit a
4 party or witness residing outside this State to be deposed or to testify under
5 penalty of perjury by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means
6 at a designated tribunal or other location. A tribunal of this State shall
7 cooperate with other tribunals in designating an appropriate location for the
8 deposition or testimony.

9 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the
10 ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw
11 an adverse inference from the refusal.

12 (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does
13 not apply in a proceeding under this title.

14 (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife
15 or parent and child does not apply in a proceeding under this title.

16 (j) A voluntary acknowledgement of paternity, certified as a true copy, is
17 admissible to establish parentage of the child.

18 § 1317. COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TRIBUNALS

19 A tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support may communicate
20 with a tribunal outside this State in a record, or by telephone, electronic mail,
21 or other means, to obtain information concerning the laws of that state, the

1 legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and the status of a
2 proceeding. A tribunal of this State or the Office of Child Support may furnish
3 similar information by similar means to a tribunal outside this State.

4 § 1318. ASSISTANCE WITH DISCOVERY

5 A tribunal or the Office of Child Support of this State may:

6 (1) request a tribunal outside this State to assist in obtaining
7 discovery; and

8 (2) upon request, compel a person over which it has jurisdiction to
9 respond to a discovery order issued by a tribunal outside this State.

10 § 1319. RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS

11 (a) A support enforcement agency or tribunal of this State shall disburse
12 promptly any amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directed by the
13 order. The agency or tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of
14 another state or a foreign country a certified statement by the custodian of the
15 record of the amounts and dates of all payments received.

16 (b) If neither the obligor, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the child
17 resides in this State, upon request from the support enforcement agency of this
18 State or another state, the Office of Child Support or a tribunal of this
19 State shall:

20 (1) direct that the support payment be made to the support enforcement
21 agency in the state in which the obligee is receiving services; and

1 (2) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming
2 income-withholding order or an administrative notice of change of payee,
3 reflecting the redirected payments.

4 (c) The Office of Child Support, upon receiving redirected payments from
5 another state pursuant to a law similar to that in subsection (b) of this section,
6 shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of the other state a certified
7 statement by the custodian of the record of the amount and dates of all
8 payments received.

9 CHAPTER 14. ESTABLISHMENT OF A SUPPORT ORDER

10 OR DETERMINATION OF PARENTAGE

11 § 1401. ESTABLISHMENT OF SUPPORT ORDER

12 (a) If a support order entitled to recognition under this title has not been
13 issued, a responding tribunal of this State with personal jurisdiction over the
14 parties may issue a support order if:

15 (1) the individual seeking the order resides outside the State; or

16 (2) the support enforcement agency seeking the order is located outside
17 this State.

18 (b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if the tribunal
19 determines that such an order is appropriate and the individual ordered to
20 pay is:

21 (1) a presumed father of the child;

- 1 (2) petitioning to have his paternity adjudicated;
2 (3) identified as the father of the child through genetic testing;
3 (4) an alleged father who has declined to submit to genetic testing;
4 (5) shown by clear and convincing evidence to be the father of the child;
5 (6) an acknowledged father as provided by applicable State law;
6 (7) the mother of the child; or
7 (8) an individual who has been ordered to pay child support in a
8 previous proceeding and the order has not been reversed or vacated.

9 (c) Upon finding, after notice and opportunity to be heard, that an obligor
10 owes a duty of support, the tribunal shall issue a support order directed to the
11 obligor and may issue other orders pursuant to section 1305 of this title.

12 § 1402. PROCEEDING TO DETERMINE PARENTAGE

13 A tribunal of this State authorized to determine parentage of a child may
14 serve as a responding tribunal in a proceeding to determine parentage of a child
15 brought under this title or a law or procedure substantially similar to this title.

16 CHAPTER 15. ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ORDER

17 WITHOUT REGISTRATION

18 § 1501. EMPLOYER'S RECEIPT OF AN INCOME WITHHOLDING

19 ORDER FROM ANOTHER STATE

20 An income withholding order issued in another state may be sent by or on
21 behalf of the obligee, or by the support enforcement agency, to the person

1 defined as the obligor's employer under the income withholding law of this
2 State without first filing a petition or comparable pleading or registering the
3 order with a tribunal of this State.

4 § 1502. EMPLOYER'S COMPLIANCE WITH AN INCOME

5 WITHHOLDING ORDER FROM ANOTHER STATE

6 (a) Upon receipt of an income withholding order, the obligor's employer
7 shall immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor.

8 (b) The employer shall treat an income withholding order issued in another
9 state which appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of
10 this State.

11 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section and
12 section 1503 of this title, the employer shall withhold and distribute the funds
13 as directed in the withholding order by complying with terms of the order
14 which specify:

15 (1) the duration and amount of periodic payments of current child
16 support, stated as a sum certain;

17 (2) the person designated to receive payments and the address to which
18 the payments are to be forwarded;

19 (3) medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment,
20 stated as a sum certain, or ordering the obligor to provide health insurance

1 coverage for the child under a policy available through the obligor's
2 employment;

3 (4) the amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a support
4 enforcement agency, the issuing tribunal, and the obligee's attorney, stated as
5 sums certain; and

6 (5) the amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on
7 arrearages, stated as sums certain.

8 (d) The employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor's
9 principal place of employment for withholding from income with respect to:

10 (1) the employer's fee for processing an income withholding order;

11 (2) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor's
12 income; and

13 (3) the time periods within which the employer must implement the
14 withholding order and forward the child support payment.

15 § 1503. EMPLOYER'S COMPLIANCE WITH TWO OR MORE INCOME

16 WITHHOLDING ORDERS

17 If the obligor's employer receives two or more income withholding orders
18 with respect to the earnings of the same obligor, the employer satisfies the
19 terms of the orders if the employer complies with the law of the state of the
20 obligor's principal place of employment to establish the priorities for

1 withholding and allocating income withheld for two or more child support
2 obligees.

3 § 1504. IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY

4 An employer who complies with an income withholding order issued in
5 another state in accordance with this chapter is not subject to civil liability to
6 an individual or agency with regard to the employer's withholding of child
7 support from the obligor's income.

8 § 1505. PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

9 An employer who willfully fails to comply with an income withholding
10 order issued by another state and received for enforcement is subject to the
11 same penalties that may be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by
12 a tribunal of this State.

13 § 1506. CONTEST BY AN OBLIGOR

14 (a) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income
15 withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer
16 in this State by registering the order in a tribunal of this State and filing a
17 contest to that order as provided in chapter 16 of this title, or otherwise
18 contesting the order in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a
19 tribunal of this State.

20 (b) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:

21 (1) a support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;

1 (2) each employer that has directly received an income withholding
2 order relating to the obligor; and

3 (3) the person designated to receive payments in the income withholding
4 order or, if no person is designated, to the obligee.

5 § 1507. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT OF ORDERS

6 (a) A party or support enforcement agency seeking to enforce a support
7 order or an income withholding order, or both, issued in another state or a
8 foreign support order may send the documents required for registering the
9 order to a support enforcement agency of this State.

10 (b) Upon receipt of the documents, the support enforcement agency,
11 without initially seeking to register the order, shall consider and, if appropriate,
12 use any administrative procedure authorized by the law of this State to enforce
13 a support order or an income withholding order, or both. If the obligor does
14 not contest administrative enforcement, the order need not be registered. If the
15 obligor contests the validity or administrative enforcement of the order, the
16 support enforcement agency shall register the order pursuant to this title.

17 CHAPTER 16. REGISTRATION, ENFORCEMENT, AND

18 MODIFICATION OF A SUPPORT ORDER

19 § 1601. REGISTRATION OF AN ORDER FOR ENFORCEMENT

20 A support order or income withholding order issued in another state or a
21 foreign support order may be registered in this State for enforcement.

1 § 1602. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER AN ORDER FOR ENFORCEMENT

2 (a) Except as otherwise provided in section 1706 of this title, a support
3 order or income withholding order of another state or a foreign support order
4 may be registered in this State by sending the following records to the tribunal
5 in this State:

6 (1) a letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and
7 enforcement;

8 (2) two copies, including one certified copy, of the order to be
9 registered, including any modification of the order;

10 (3) a sworn statement by the person requesting registration or a certified
11 statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;

12 (4) the name of the obligor and, if known:

13 (A) the obligor's address and Social Security number;

14 (B) the name and address of the obligor's employer and any other
15 source of income of the obligor; and

16 (C) a description and the location of property of the obligor in this
17 State not exempt from execution; and

18 (5) except as otherwise provided in section 1312 of this title, the name
19 and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the person to whom support
20 payments are to be remitted.

1 (b) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall
2 cause the order to be filed as an order of another state or a foreign support
3 order, together with one copy of the documents and information, regardless of
4 their form.

5 (c) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be
6 affirmatively sought under other law of this State may be filed at the same time
7 as the request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds
8 for the remedy sought.

9 (d) If two or more orders are in effect, the person requesting registration
10 shall:

11 (1) furnish to the tribunal a copy of every support order asserted to be in
12 effect in addition to the documents specified in this section;

13 (2) specify the order alleged to be the controlling order, if any; and

14 (3) specify the amount of consolidated arrears, if any.

15 (e) A request for determination of which is the controlling order may be
16 filed separately or with a request for registration and enforcement or for
17 registration and modification. The person requesting registration shall give
18 notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the
19 determination.

1 § 1603. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR ENFORCEMENT

2 (a) A support order or income withholding order issued in another state or a
3 foreign support order is registered when the order is filed in the registering
4 tribunal of this State.

5 (b) A registered support order issued in another state or a foreign country is
6 enforceable in the same manner and is subject to the same procedures as an
7 order issued by a tribunal of this State.

8 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a tribunal of this State
9 shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify, a registered support order if
10 the issuing tribunal had jurisdiction.

11 § 1604. CHOICE OF LAW

12 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, the law
13 of the issuing state or foreign country governs:

14 (1) the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments under a
15 registered support order;

16 (2) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on
17 the arrearages under the support order; and

18 (3) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the
19 support order.

1 (b) In a proceeding for arrears under a registered support order, the statute
2 of limitation of this State or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever
3 is longer, applies.

4 (c) A responding tribunal of this State shall apply the procedures and
5 remedies of this State to enforce current support and collect arrears and interest
6 due on a support order of another state or a foreign country registered in
7 this State.

8 (d) After a tribunal of this State or another state determines which is the
9 controlling order and issues an order consolidating arrears, if any, a tribunal of
10 this State shall prospectively apply the law of the state or foreign country
11 issuing the controlling order, including its law on interest on arrears, on current
12 and future support, and on consolidated arrears.

13 § 1605. NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF AN ORDER

14 (a) When a support order or income withholding order issued in another
15 state or a foreign support order is registered, the registering tribunal of this
16 State must notify the nonregistering party. The notice shall be accompanied by
17 a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information
18 accompanying the order.

19 (b) Notice issued pursuant to this section must inform the nonregistering
20 party:

- 1 (1) that a registered support order is enforceable as of the date of
2 registration in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this State;
- 3 (2) that a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
4 order must be requested within 20 days after notice unless the registered order
5 is under section 1707 of this title;
- 6 (3) that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
7 order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and
8 enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages; and
- 9 (4) of the amount of any alleged arrearages.
- 10 (c) If the registering party asserts that two or more orders are in effect,
11 notice issued pursuant to this section must also:
- 12 (1) identify the two or more orders and the order alleged by the
13 registering party to be the controlling order and the consolidated arrears, if any;
- 14 (2) notify the nonregistering party of the right to a determination of
15 which is the controlling order;
- 16 (3) state that the procedures provided in subsection (b) of this section
17 apply to the determination of which is the controlling order; and
- 18 (4) state that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the order
19 alleged to be the controlling order in a timely manner may result in
20 confirmation that the order is the controlling order.

1 (d) Upon registration of an income withholding order for enforcement, the
2 Office of Child Support shall notify the obligor's employer pursuant to
3 15 V.S.A. chapter 11.

4 § 1606. PROCEDURE TO CONTEST THE VALIDITY OR
5 ENFORCEMENT OF A REGISTERED ORDER

6 (a) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of
7 a registered support order in this State shall request a hearing within the time
8 required by section 1605 of this title. The nonregistering party may seek to
9 vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance
10 with the registered order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount
11 of any alleged arrearages pursuant to section 1607 of this title.

12 (b) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of
13 the registered support order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by
14 operation of law.

15 (c) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or
16 enforcement of the registered support order, the registering tribunal shall
17 schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties of the date, time,
18 and place of the hearing.

1 § 1607. CONTEST OF REGISTRATION OR ENFORCEMENT

2 (a) A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered support
3 order or seeking to vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or
4 more of the following defenses:

5 (1) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the
6 contesting party;

7 (2) the order was obtained by fraud;

8 (3) the order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;

9 (4) the issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;

10 (5) there is a defense under the law of this State to the remedy sought;

11 (6) full or partial payment has been made; or

12 (7) the statute of limitation under section 1604 of this title precludes
13 enforcement of some or all of the alleged arrearages; or

14 (8) the alleged controlling order is not the controlling order.

15 (b) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under
16 subsection (a) of this section, a tribunal may stay enforcement of a registered
17 support order, continue the proceeding to permit production of additional
18 relevant evidence, and issue other appropriate orders. An uncontested portion
19 of the registered support order may be enforced by all remedies available under
20 the law of this State.

1 (c) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under subsection (a)
2 of this section to the validity or enforcement of a registered support order, the
3 registering tribunal shall issue an order confirming the order.

4 § 1608. CONFIRMED ORDER

5 Confirmation of a registered support order, whether by operation of law or
6 after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to
7 any matter that could have been asserted at the time of registration.

8 § 1609. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF
9 ANOTHER STATE FOR MODIFICATION

10 A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and
11 enforce, a child support order issued in another state must register that order in
12 this State in the same manner provided in sections 1601–1608 of this title if the
13 order has not been registered. A petition for modification may be filed at the
14 same time as a request for registration, or later. The pleading must specify the
15 grounds for modification.

16 § 1610. EFFECT OF REGISTRATION FOR MODIFICATION

17 A tribunal of this State and the Office of Child Support may enforce a child
18 support order of another state registered for purposes of modification, in the
19 same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this State, but the
20 registered order may be modified only if the requirements of section 1611 or
21 1613 of this title have been met.

1 § 1611. MODIFICATION OF AN ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE

2 (a) If section 1613 of this title does not apply, upon petition a tribunal of
3 this State may modify a child support order issued in another state which is
4 registered in this State, if after notice and hearing, it finds that:

5 (1) the following requirements are met:

6 (A) neither the child, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the
7 obligor resides in the issuing state;

8 (B) a petitioner who is a nonresident of this State seeks
9 modification; and

10 (C) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the
11 tribunal of this State; or

12 (2) this State is the residence of the child or a party who is an individual
13 is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this State and all of the
14 parties who are individuals have filed consents in a record in the issuing
15 tribunal for a tribunal of this State to modify the support order and assume
16 continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

17 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same
18 requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an
19 order issued by a tribunal of this State and the order may be enforced and
20 satisfied in the same manner.

1 (c) A tribunal of this State may not modify any aspect of a child support
2 order that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the
3 duration of the obligation of support. If two or more tribunals have issued
4 child support orders for the same obligor and same child, the order that
5 controls and must be so recognized under section 1207 of this title establishes
6 the aspects of the support order which are nonmodifiable.

7 (d) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that
8 is determined to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration
9 of the obligation of support. The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support
10 established by that order precludes imposition of a further obligation of support
11 by a tribunal of this State.

12 (e) On issuance of an order by a tribunal of this State modifying a child
13 support order issued in another state, the tribunal of this State becomes the
14 tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

15 (f) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (e) of this section and
16 subsection 1201(b) of this title, a tribunal of this State retains jurisdiction to
17 modify an order issued by a tribunal of this State if:

18 (1) one party resides in another state; and

19 (2) the other party resides outside the United States.

1 § 1612. RECOGNITION OF AN ORDER MODIFIED IN ANOTHER
2 STATE

3 If a child support order issued by a tribunal of this State is modified by a
4 tribunal of another state which assumed jurisdiction pursuant to the Uniform
5 Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of this State:

6 (1) may enforce its order that was modified only as to arrears and
7 interest accruing before the modification;

8 (2) may provide appropriate relief for violations of its order which
9 occurred before the effective date of the modification; and

10 (3) shall recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon
11 registration, for the purpose of enforcement.

12 § 1613. JURISDICTION TO MODIFY AN ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE
13 WHEN INDIVIDUAL PARTIES RESIDE IN THIS STATE

14 (a) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this State and the child
15 does not reside in the issuing state, a tribunal of this State has jurisdiction to
16 enforce and to modify the issuing state's child support order in a proceeding to
17 register that order.

18 (b) A tribunal of this State exercising jurisdiction under this section must
19 apply the provisions of chapters 11 and 12 of this title, this chapter, and the
20 procedural and substantive law of this State to the proceeding for enforcement
21 or modification and chapters 13, 14, 15, 17, and 18 of this title must not apply.

1 § 1614. NOTICE TO ISSUING TRIBUNAL OF MODIFICATION

2 Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party
3 obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the
4 issuing tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier
5 order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows the earlier order has been
6 registered. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is
7 subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to
8 file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of
9 the modified order of the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive
10 jurisdiction.

11 § 1615. JURISDICTION TO MODIFY AN ORDER OF A FOREIGN

12 COUNTRY

13 (a) Except as otherwise provided in section 1711 of this title, if a foreign
14 country lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its child support
15 order pursuant to its laws, a tribunal of this State may assume jurisdiction to
16 modify the child support order and bind all individuals subject to the personal
17 jurisdiction of the tribunal whether the consent to modification of a child
18 support order otherwise required of the individual pursuant to section 1611 of
19 this title has been given or whether the individual seeking modification is a
20 resident of this State or of the foreign country.

1 (b) An order issued by a tribunal of this State modifying a foreign child
2 support order pursuant to this section is the controlling order.

3 § 1616. PROCEDURE TO REGISTER AN ORDER OF A FOREIGN
4 COUNTRY FOR MODIFICATION

5 A party or support enforcement agency seeking to modify, or to modify and
6 enforce, a foreign child support order not under the Convention may register
7 that order in this State under sections 1601 through 1608 of this title if the
8 order has not been registered. A petition for modification may be filed at the
9 same time as a request for registration, or at another time. The petition must
10 specify the grounds for modification.

11 CHAPTER 17. SUPPORT PROCEEDING UNDER THE CONVENTION

12 § 1701. DEFINITIONS

13 As used in this chapter:

14 (1) “Application” means a request under the Convention by an obligee
15 or obligor, or on behalf of a child, made through a central authority for
16 assistance from another central authority.

17 (2) “Central authority” means the entity designated by the United States
18 or a foreign country to perform the functions specified in the Convention.

19 (3) “Convention support order” means a support order of a tribunal of a
20 foreign country.

1 (4) “Direct request” means a petition filed by an individual in a tribunal
2 of this State in a proceeding involving an obligee, obligor, or child residing
3 outside the United States.

4 (5) “Foreign central authority” means the entity designated by a foreign
5 country to perform the functions specified in the Convention.

6 (6) “Foreign support agreement”:

7 (A) means an agreement for support in a record that:

8 (i) is enforceable as a support order in the country of origin;

9 (ii) has been formally drawn up or registered as an authentic
10 instrument by a foreign tribunal or authenticated by, or concluded, registered,
11 or filed with a foreign tribunal; and

12 (iii) may be reviewed and modified by a foreign tribunal; and

13 (B) includes a maintenance arrangement or authentic instrument
14 under the Convention.

15 (7) “United States central authority” means the Secretary of the
16 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

17 § 1702. APPLICABILITY

18 This chapter must apply only to a support proceeding under the Convention.
19 In such a proceeding, if a provision of this chapter is inconsistent with chapters
20 11 through 16 of this title, this chapter must control.

1 § 1703. RELATIONSHIP OF SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO
2 THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL AUTHORITY

3 The support enforcement agency of this State is recognized as the agency
4 designated by the United States central authority to perform specific functions
5 under the Convention.

6 § 1704. INITIATION OF PROCEEDING BY SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT
7 AGENCY

8 (a) In a support proceeding under this chapter, the support enforcement
9 agency of this State shall:

10 (1) transmit and receive applications; and

11 (2) initiate or facilitate the institution of a proceeding regarding an
12 application in a tribunal of this State.

13 (b) The following support proceedings are available to an obligee under
14 the Convention:

15 (1) recognition or enforcement, or both, of a foreign support order;

16 (2) enforcement of a support order issued or recognized in this State;

17 (3) establishment of a support order if there is no existing order,
18 including, if necessary, determination of parentage of a child;

19 (4) establishment of a support order if recognition of a foreign support
20 order is refused under subdivision 1708(b)(2), (4), or (9) of this title;

21 (5) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this State; and

1 (6) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a
2 foreign country.

3 (c) The following support proceedings are available under the Convention
4 to an obligor against which there is an existing support order:

5 (1) recognition of an order suspending or limiting enforcement of an
6 existing support order of a tribunal of this State;

7 (2) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this State; and

8 (3) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a
9 foreign country.

10 (d) A tribunal of this State may not require security, bond, or deposit,
11 however described, to guarantee the payment of costs and expenses in
12 proceedings under the Convention.

13 § 1705. DIRECT REQUEST

14 (a) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking establishment or
15 modification of a support order or determination of parentage of a child. In the
16 proceeding, the law of this State applies.

17 (b) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking recognition and
18 enforcement of a support order or support agreement. In the proceeding,
19 sections 1706 through 1713 apply.

20 (c) In a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a Convention
21 support order or foreign support agreement:

1 (1) a security, bond, or deposit is not required to guarantee the payment
2 of costs and expenses; and

3 (2) an obligee or obligor that in the issuing country has benefited from
4 free legal assistance is entitled to benefit, at least to the same extent, from any
5 free legal assistance provided for by the law of this State under the same
6 circumstances.

7 (d) A petitioner filing a direct request is not entitled to assistance from the
8 governmental entity.

9 (e) This chapter does not prevent the application of laws of this State that
10 provide simplified, more expeditious rules regarding a direct request for
11 recognition and enforcement of a foreign support order or foreign support
12 agreement.

13 § 1706. REGISTRATION OF CONVENTION SUPPORT ORDER

14 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a party who is an
15 individual or a support enforcement agency seeking recognition of a
16 Convention support order shall register the order in this State as provided in
17 chapter 16 of this title.

18 (b) Notwithstanding section 1311 and subsection 1602(a) of this title, a
19 request for registration of a Convention support order must be
20 accompanied by:

1 (1) a complete text of the support order or an abstract or extract of the
2 support order drawn up by the issuing foreign tribunal, which may be in the
3 form recommended by the Hague Conference on Private International Law;

4 (2) a record stating that the support order is enforceable in the issuing
5 country;

6 (3) if the respondent did not appear and was not represented in the
7 proceedings in the issuing country, a record attesting, as appropriate, either that
8 the respondent had proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be
9 heard or that the respondent had proper notice of the support order and an
10 opportunity to be heard in a challenge or appeal on fact or law before
11 a tribunal;

12 (4) a record showing the amount of arrears, if any, and the date the
13 amount was calculated;

14 (5) a record showing a requirement for automatic adjustment of the
15 amount of support, if any, and the information necessary to make the
16 appropriate calculations; and

17 (6) if necessary, a record showing the extent to which the applicant
18 received free legal assistance in the issuing country.

19 (c) A request for registration of a Convention support order may seek
20 recognition and partial enforcement of the order.

1 (d) A tribunal of this State may vacate the registration of a Convention
2 support order without the filing of a contest under section 1707 of this title
3 only if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and
4 enforcement of the order would be manifestly incompatible with public policy.

5 (e) The tribunal shall promptly notify the parties of the registration or the
6 order vacating the registration of a Convention support order.

7 § 1707. CONTEST OF REGISTERED CONVENTION SUPPORT ORDER

8 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, sections 1605 through
9 1608 of this title apply to a contest of a registered Convention support order.

10 (b) A party contesting a registered Convention support order must file a
11 contest not later than 30 days after notice of the registration, but if the
12 contesting party does not reside in the United States, the contest shall be filed
13 not later than 60 days after notice of the registration.

14 (c) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the registered Convention
15 support order by the time specified in subsection (b) of this section, the order
16 is enforceable.

17 (d) A contest of a registered Convention support order may be based only
18 on grounds set forth in section 1708 of this title. The contesting party bears the
19 burden of proof.

20 (e) In a contest of a registered Convention support order, a tribunal of
21 this State:

1 (1) is bound by the findings of fact on which the foreign tribunal based
2 its jurisdiction; and

3 (2) may not review the merits of the order.

4 (f) A tribunal of this State deciding a contest of a registered Convention
5 support order shall promptly notify the parties of its decision.

6 (g) A challenge or appeal, if any, does not stay the enforcement of a
7 Convention support order unless there are exceptional circumstances.

8 § 1708. RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF REGISTERED
9 CONVENTION SUPPORT ORDER

10 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, a tribunal
11 of this State shall recognize and enforce a registered Convention support order.

12 (b) The following grounds are the only grounds on which a tribunal of this
13 State may refuse recognition and enforcement of a registered Convention
14 support order:

15 (1) Recognition and enforcement of the order is manifestly incompatible
16 with public policy, including the failure of the issuing tribunal to observe
17 minimum standards of due process, which include notice and an opportunity to
18 be heard.

19 (2) The issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction consistent with
20 section 1201 of this title.

21 (3) The order is not enforceable in the issuing country.

1 (4) The order was obtained by fraud in connection with a matter
2 of procedure.

3 (5) A record transmitted in accordance with section 1706 of this title
4 lacks authenticity or integrity.

5 (6) A proceeding between the same parties and having the same purpose
6 is pending before a tribunal of this State and that proceeding was the first to
7 be filed.

8 (7) The order is incompatible with a more recent support order involving
9 the same parties and having the same purpose if the more recent support order
10 is entitled to recognition and enforcement under this title in this State.

11 (8) The obligor has paid alleged arrears in whole or in part.

12 (9) In a case in which the respondent neither appeared nor was
13 represented in the proceeding in the issuing foreign country:

14 (A) if the law of that country provides for prior notice of
15 proceedings, the respondent did not have proper notice of the proceedings and
16 an opportunity to be heard; or

17 (B) if the law of that country does not provide for prior notice of the
18 proceedings, the respondent did not have proper notice of the order and an
19 opportunity to be heard in a challenge or appeal on fact or law before
20 a tribunal.

21 (10) The order was made in violation of section 1711 of this title.

1 (c) If a tribunal of this State does not recognize a Convention support order
2 pursuant to subdivision (b)(2), (4), or (9) of this section:

3 (1) the tribunal may not dismiss the proceeding without allowing a
4 reasonable time for a party to request the establishment of a new Convention
5 support order; and

6 (2) the governmental entity shall take all appropriate measures to
7 request a child support order for the obligee if the application for recognition
8 and enforcement was received under section 1704 of this title.

9 § 1709. PARTIAL ENFORCEMENT

10 If a tribunal of this State does not recognize and enforce a Convention
11 support order in its entirety, it shall enforce any severable part of the order. An
12 application or direct request may seek recognition and partial enforcement of a
13 Convention support order.

14 § 1710. FOREIGN SUPPORT AGREEMENT

15 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, a
16 tribunal of this State shall recognize and enforce a foreign support agreement
17 registered in this State.

18 (b) An application or direct request for recognition and enforcement of a
19 foreign support agreement must be accompanied by:

20 (1) a complete text of the foreign support agreement; and

1 (2) a record stating that the foreign support agreement is enforceable as
2 an order of support in the issuing country.

3 (c) A tribunal of this State may vacate the registration of a foreign support
4 agreement only if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition
5 and enforcement would be manifestly incompatible with public policy.

6 (d) In a contest of a foreign support agreement, a tribunal of this State may
7 refuse recognition and enforcement of the agreement if it finds:

8 (1) recognition and enforcement of the agreement is manifestly
9 incompatible with public policy;

10 (2) the agreement was obtained by fraud or falsification;

11 (3) the agreement is incompatible with a support order involving the
12 same parties and having the same purpose in this State, another state, or a
13 foreign country if the support order is entitled to recognition and enforcement
14 under this title in this State; or

15 (4) the record submitted under subsection (b) of this section lacks
16 authenticity or integrity.

17 (e) A proceeding for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support
18 agreement must be suspended during the pendency of a challenge to or appeal
19 of the agreement before a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.

1 § 1711. MODIFICATION OF CONVENTION SUPPORT ORDER

2 (a) A tribunal of this State may not modify a Convention child-support
3 order if the obligee remains a resident of the foreign country where the support
4 order was issued unless:

5 (1) the obligee submits to the jurisdiction of a tribunal of this State,
6 either expressly or by defending on the merits of the case without objecting to
7 the jurisdiction at the first available opportunity; or

8 (2) the foreign tribunal lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify
9 its support order or issue a new support order.

10 (b) If a tribunal of this State does not modify a Convention child-support
11 order because the order is not recognized in this State, subsection 1708(c) of
12 this title applies.

13 § 1712. PERSONAL INFORMATION; LIMITATION ON USE

14 Personal information gathered or transmitted under this chapter may be
15 used only for the purposes for which it was gathered or transmitted.

16 § 1713. RECORD IN ORIGINAL LANGUAGE; ENGLISH

17 TRANSLATION

18 A record filed with a tribunal of this State under this chapter must be in the
19 original language and, if not in English, must be accompanied by an English
20 translation.

1 CHAPTER 18. INTERSTATE RENDITION

2 § 1801. GROUNDS FOR RENDITION

3 (a) As used in this chapter, “governor” includes an individual performing
4 the functions of governor or the executive authority of a state covered by
5 this title.

6 (b) The Governor of this State may:

7 (1) demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
8 found in the other state who is charged criminally in this State with having
9 failed to provide for the support of an obligee; or

10 (2) on the demand of the governor of another state, surrender an
11 individual found in this State who is charged criminally in the other state with
12 having failed to provide for the support of an obligee.

13 (c) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with this title
14 applies to the demand even if the individual whose surrender is demanded was
15 not in the demanding state when the crime was allegedly committed and has
16 not fled therefrom.

17 § 1802. CONDITIONS OF RENDITION

18 (a) Before making a demand that the governor of another state surrender an
19 individual charged criminally in this State with having failed to provide for the
20 support of an obligee, the Governor of this State may require the prosecutor
21 who has brought the criminal charge for the state to demonstrate that at least

1 60 days previously the obligee had initiated proceedings for support pursuant
2 to this title or that the proceeding would be of no avail.

3 (b) If, under this title or a law substantially similar to this title, the governor
4 of another state makes a demand that the Governor of this State surrender an
5 individual charged criminally in that state with having failed to provide for the
6 support of a child or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed, the
7 Governor may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report
8 whether a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it
9 appears that a proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the
10 Governor may delay honoring the demand for a reasonable time to permit the
11 initiation of a proceeding.

12 (c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose
13 rendition is demanded prevails, the Governor may decline to honor the
14 demand. If the petitioner prevails and the individual whose rendition is
15 demand is subject to a support order, the Governor may decline to honor the
16 demand if the individual is complying with the support order.

17 CHAPTER 19. APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION

18 § 1901. UNIFORMITY

19 In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to
20 the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter
21 among states that enact it.

1 § 1902. TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

2 This act applies to proceedings begun on or after June 30, 2015 to establish
3 a support order or determine parentage of a child support order or to register,
4 recognize, enforce, or modify a prior support order or determine parentage of a
5 child or to register, recognize, enforce, or modify a prior support order, or
6 determination, or agreement, whenever issued or entered.

7 § 1903. VERMONT RULES OF FAMILY PROCEEDINGS

8 The Vermont Rules of Family Proceedings shall apply to all proceedings
9 before the tribunal of this State under this title.

10 Sec. 3. REPEAL

11 15B V.S.A. chapters 1–9 are repealed.

12 Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

13 This act shall take effect on June 1, 2015.